

Total Force Demand and Resourcing the Workforce

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Demands & Resourcing

☐ **IS NOT** just about "getting the money" Is about promoting Department's larger objectives Delivering capabilities and readiness while Minimizing fiscal opportunity costs – risk management Not "getting it right" puts much at risk Total Force background: "mix" and cost vectors ☐ Special challenge: entitlements growth Balancing manpower demands with personnel supply ■ Moving "Observed Outcomes" closer to "Desired Outcomes"

Challenge: Balance Manpower Demand AND Personnel Supply

Unclassified

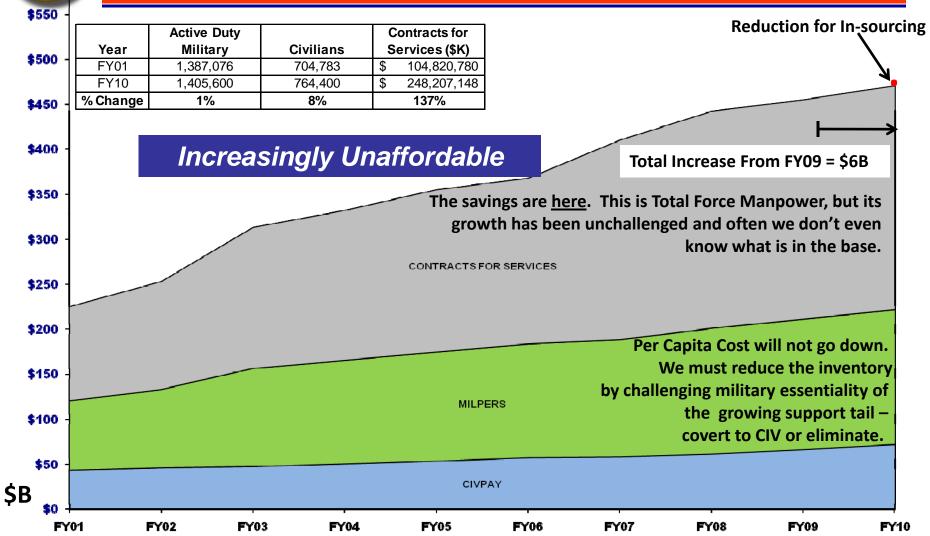


Resourcing the Workforce: Not Just About "Getting Money"

- Department's larger Total Force objectives must be promoted
 - Delivering capabilities and readiness while
 - Minimizing fiscal opportunity costs
- ☐ Facts of Life:
 - Workforce costs and associated "tails" increasingly unaffordable
 - Fiscal pressures will worsen
- What's at risk? EVERYTHING:
 - The AVF <u>fundamental enabler</u> of all our plans
 - Compelling recapitalization and investment
 - Actual and perceived readiness that shapes global outcomes
- ☐ To "Resource the Workforce" you first need to know:
 - What "it" really should be
 - What "it" would really cost including second order costs
- ☐ Knowing where we have been a good start



Total Force Mix - Military, Civilian, Contractor



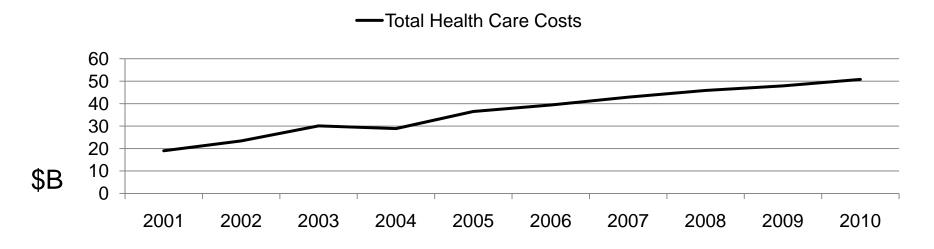
National Defense Budget Estimates for FY2011 ("Current Dollars") – BASE and OCO \$\$
OUSD(P&R) – Requirements and Program and Budget Coordination Directorate



Second Order Effect: Unaffordable Health Care

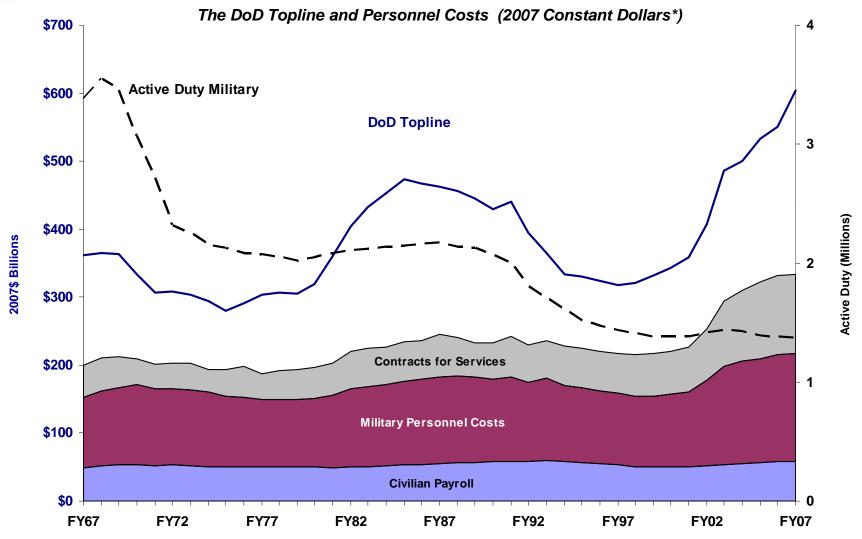
Risk Defined:

- Health care for <u>9.6M</u> beneficiaries
- Up from 9.1M in 2007 increasingly unaffordable share of resources
- At the same time, quality care to sustain the AVF, deliver readiness, and fulfill statutory obligations is imperative





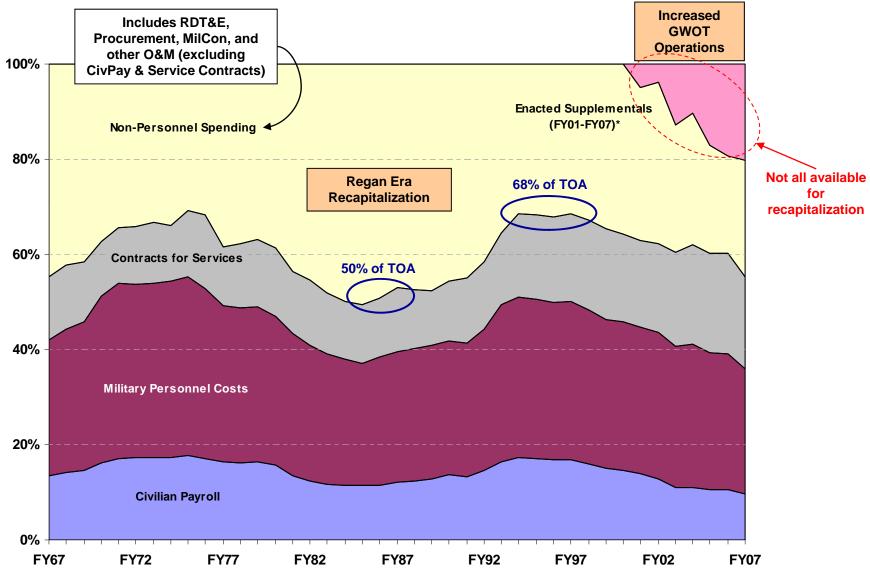
Total Force Strategy – focus on the right mix



^{*} Using the GDP Price Index from the Budget of the United States Government: Historical Tables Fiscal Year 2009 (Table 10.1)



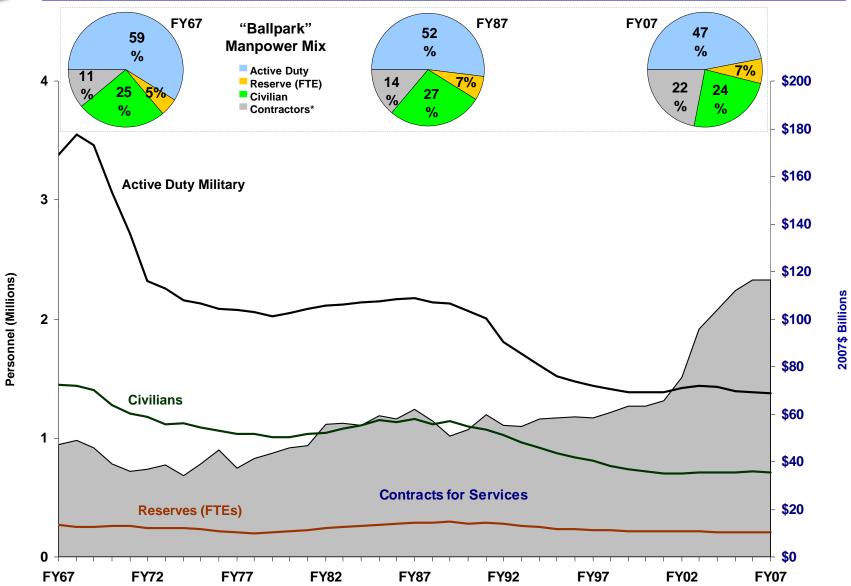
Defense Spending (Percent of DoD Topline)



^{*} From FY08 GWOT Amendment, Department of Defense, October 2007 - less MilPers & DHP from enacted Supplementals (PL 110-28/5; 109-234/62/13; 108-106/11; 107-20)



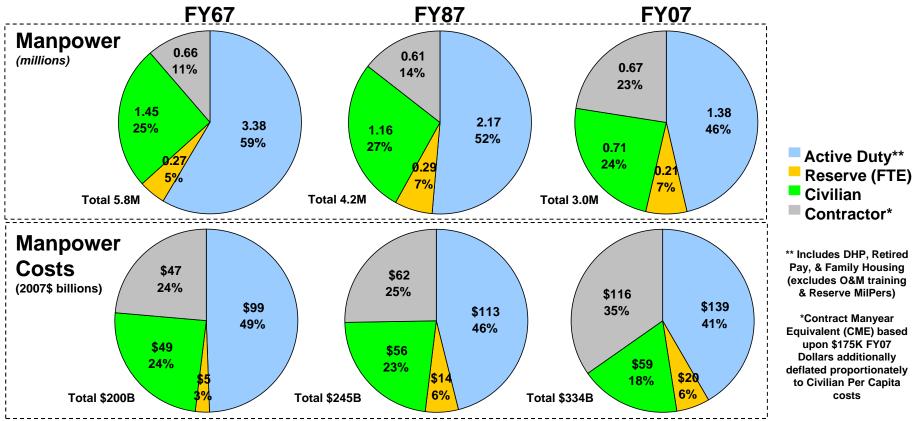
The Changing Composition of DoD Personnel



^{*} Contract Manyear Equivalent (CME) based upon \$175K FY07 Dollars additionally deflated proportionately to Civilian Per Capita costs



Manpower Mix vs Manpower Costs

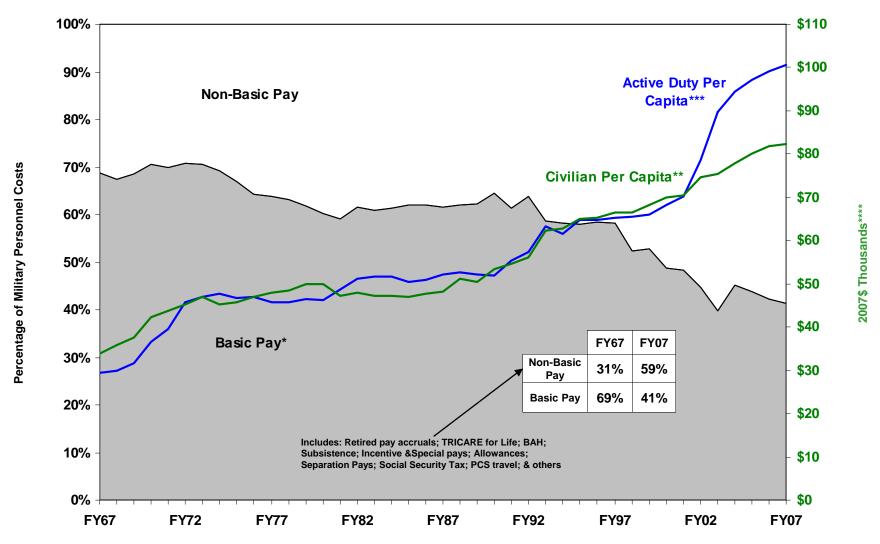


Takeaways include:

- Active Military "per capita" costs increasing everyone else too
- Service Contract costs now almost equal to Active Military costs
- Capabilities & Productivity hard to capture "just from numbers"
 - Complicates ROI decisions



Entitlement Growth Driving Active Duty Costs



^{****} Using the GDP Price Index from the Budget of the United States Government: Historical Tables Fiscal Year 2009 (Table 10.1)

^{***} Military Personnel Costs divided by Active Duty Endstrength; MPC include MilPers (less Reserve), DHP, Family Housing, and Retired pay; does not include training (O&M)

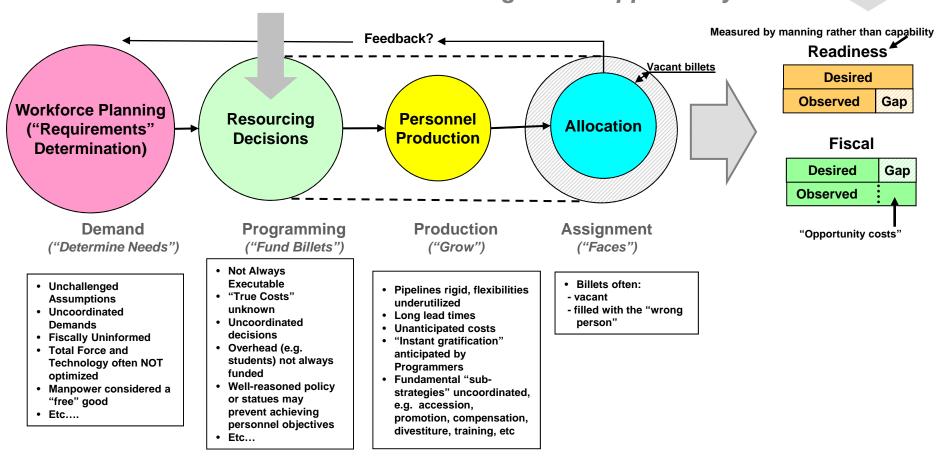
^{**} Civilian Pay divided by Civilian Full-time Equivalents (FTE)

^{*} Military Pay (Active and Reserve) divided by Military Personnel Costs (including Reserve)



Resourcing the Workforce: in context

Desired Outcomes: "Deliver Readiness while Reducing Fiscal Opportunity Cost"



Resourcing the Workforce: cannot be separated from larger Human Capital "Architecture"



Resourcing the Workforce: Not Just About "Getting Money": TAKE- AWAYS

- Department's larger Total Force objectives
 - Delivering capabilities and readiness while
 - Minimizing fiscal opportunity costs
- ☐ Complex problems no "silver bullet"
 - Helpful "Resource-Related Actions" will span entire Human Capital Architecture
 - Critical to understand and shape Workforce Demands --- which are often incorrectly called "requirements"
- ☐ Tools, Information, and "Freedom of Action" lacking examples:
 - Inventory of Contracts for Services deficient
 - In-sourcing constrained & Out-sourcing prohibited
 - Medical military to civilian conversions prohibited
 - Business rules <u>unhelpful</u> military manpower "free"
 - Personnel rules/practices constrain choices create unnecessary cost



Moving Closer to "Desired Outcomes" No Single Solution

No lack of constructive possibilities – a few examples:

□ Strategic

 Incentivize leaders to make "smart trade-offs" by making all components of total force manpower and technology "fungible" (e.g. military manpower "not free")

Operational

Eliminate "Culture of Equity" in Officer Community Management –
 DOPMA does not mandate ill-reasoned "equity"

□ Tactical

 Increasingly educated and capable enlisted force assume some current officer requirements

JUST EXAMPLES!